### **XLAN 1910**

Language for Work

## Module 5: Intercultural Communication for Work

Student Workbook

Integrated Language and Workforce Training

Faculty of Foundational, Career, and Intercultural Studies

Integrated Language and Workforce Training

Module 5: Intercultural Communication for Work

Student Workbook

NorQuest College has made every effort to obtain copyright permission. Please bring any omissions to our attention at the following address:

Curriculum Development, 10215 108 Street, Edmonton AB, T5J 1L6

Copyright © 2017, NorQuest College and its licensors

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, or stored in a database and retrieval system, without the prior written permission of the publisher.

### **Module 5: Student Workbook**

**Welcome to the Module on Intercultural Communication!** 

#### **Needs Assessment**

**Instructions:** Before you begin this module, answer the following question:

you want to know		e Canadian workni
		e Canadian worknia
		e Canadian worknia
		e Canadian worknia
you want to know	about the culture of the	e Canadian worknia
		canadian workpi

### **Class Discussion: What Is Culture?**

There are many definitions of culture. In this course, we will use the idea of an iceberg to talk about culture. Part of an iceberg is above the water and is smaller than the part below, which is larger. Your instructor will discuss the questions below with you.

### **Class Discussion**

- What do you see above the waterline in culture?
- What do you think is below the waterline?
- How do you know the difference?
- Are the things you see influenced by what you don't see?

### **Learning Activity 1: Drawing an Iceberg of Culture**

Name:	Date:	

**Instructions:** Draw a picture of the culture iceberg based on what you discussed with the class.

# Learning Activity 2: Recognizing examples of culture above or below the water and writing your own example

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Instructions: Read each example and then decide whether it is part of the iceberg above or below the waterline. Add one of your own examples in the empty space.			
	Example	Above or below the waterline? Why?	
1.	A safety manual (book) about working safely in Alberta.		
2.	Saying "Good morning" to a coworker when you get to work.		
3.	Asking a co-worker for help.		
4.	Safety is very important.		
5.	Shaking hands when you meet your new manager.		
6.	Using your manager's first name and not "Sir" or "Ma'am".		
7.	Being safe is important for teamwork.		
8.	Refusing unsafe work is your workplace right.		
9.	Showing respect for your coworkers is very important.		
10.	Workers should learn to be independent.		

of the statements?

Name: \_\_\_

## Class Discussion: Defining Stereotypes and Generalizations

**Instructions:** Look at the following list of statements. Do you have any problems with any

	Statements	Problems	Stereotype or Generalization
1.	Canadians like hockey.		
2.	Some immigrants don't work safely.		
3.	Chinese students are good at math.		
4.	Immigrants are taking our jobs.		
5.	Many Canadians like to watch hockey.		

In intercultural communication, people use stereotypes and generalizations to talk about members of different cultures. So how are they different? Stereotypes are statements that are made by people outside the group. They are applied to everyone in a group. They are sometimes positive, but are often negative.

Generalizations are statements that people from the culture might use. They are generally true. They apply to many people in the group, but not everyone.

**Instructions:** Go back to the statements above and identify which statements are stereotypes and which statements are generalizations.

How do you know? <u>Underline</u> the words used when someone is making a generalization.

	t are two common stereotypes applied to people from your first country? How do you when you hear these stereotypes?
1.	
•	
2.	
۷.	
•	

### Video: The Culture of Safety<sup>1</sup>

Naı	me: Date:
Ins	structions: Watch the video at <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QiSNcQgHbKo">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QiSNcQgHbKo</a> about an incident that happens at work and answer the following questions.
1.	Who is responsible for Clara's injury?  a. The supervisor  b. Clara  c. Her co-workers
2.	Why did Clara not speak up? Check all correct answers.  ☐ She didn't know what to say.  ☐ She needed the job.  ☐ She was a school teacher and now she lives in Canada.  ☐ She didn't have help from her friend.
3.	Is Clara's injury because of personality or culture or both?
4.	If you were in Clara's position, what would you have done?
5.	Where can you find information about your rights and responsibilities? <sup>2</sup>

http://www.awes.ca/site/assets/files/1326/awes ews full version 2017 lr.pdf

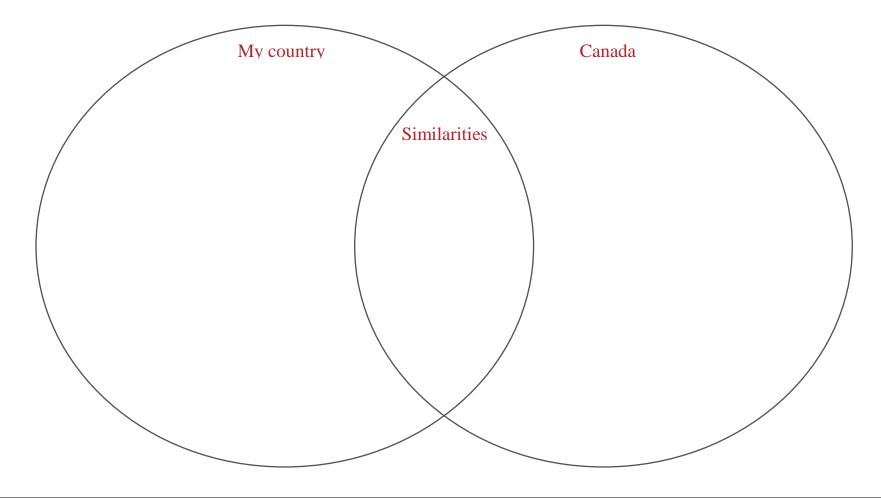
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Adapted from Holmes, et al. (n.d.):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> http://www.ccohs.ca/

## **Learning Activity 3 – Comparing and contrasting safety culture in your country and in Canada**

Name:	Date:	

**Instructions:** Write the differences and similarities between your culture and Canadian culture for safety.



## Class Discussion: Multiculturalism is an invitation to learn

**Instructions:** Answer the questions that follow with your partner or group.

- 1. How often are you invited to a friend's house for a party or dinner?
- Do you always say "Yes"? Why or why not?
- 3. Is it rude in your culture to say "No"?

### Reading Activity 1: Multiculturalism is an invitation to learn

Everyone talks about culture when you first move to Canada. People talk about how different Canadians are or how things were different back home. Comparing cultures is normal and part of learning to integrate into a new culture. In the community, culture is different from workplace culture. At work, there are more strict rules about how to do things. Safety is important, listening to the boss is important, working well with others is important and, of course, making money is important.

Living in a multicultural society means that we don't always have to follow the new culture's rules. In a multicultural society, we are invited to follow the rules. Sometimes we say "Yes," sometimes "No," and sometimes "Maybe." It takes a lot of energy to always think about culture, so just do your best.

In the following story and video, culture is at the centre of workplace misunderstandings.

Th	The Story of Alfred			
Nan	ne: Date:			
Ins	tructions: Read the story and then answer the questions that follow.			
anor star got any well tructo gown got	e day, Alfred was working as part of a crew of 10 people. He was the only one from ther culture. The crew was working outside, digging a ditch for a new electrical line. It ted to rain very heavily and the crew didn't want to get out of the truck. The crew boss out first, picked up a shovel and started digging as fast as he could. He wasn't wearing rain gear and he got wet in a hurry. Soon after, the rest of the crew started digging as a land to a him digging, he got out of the ext and ran up to him. Alfred tried to take the boss's shovel from his hands and told him to back to the truck. The boss got very angry at Alfred and told him to go and get his a shovel and get to work. Alfred tried again to take the boss's shovel. This time the boss even angrier. "I'm trying to work here," he yelled. "Go and get your own shovel or get the jobsite!" Alfred, in shock, went and got his shovel and started digging.			
Qu	estions			
1.	Why did Alfred try to take his boss's shovel?			
2.	What should Alfred do tomorrow if his boss takes a shovel again?			

Video:	Culture	in the V	Vorkp	lace
--------	---------	----------	-------	------

Name:	Date:	
	Watch the following video about culture in the workplace: <a href="http://bit.ly/2AtceaV">http://bit.ly/2AtceaV</a> Fill in the table below with examples from the video of cult	
What	I noticed from the video that was cultural	Same (S) or different (D) in my culture

### **Final Reflection**

me:	Date:
Write three things you <b>learned</b>	about the culture of the Canadian workplace.
•	
Write two things you want to le workplace.	earn more about related to culture in the Canadian
•	